

# COPPER-GOLD MINERALIZATION CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SUNGAI MAK DEPOSIT IN GORONTALO, NORTHERN SULAWESI, INDONESIA

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# INTRODUCTION



(JOGMEC)

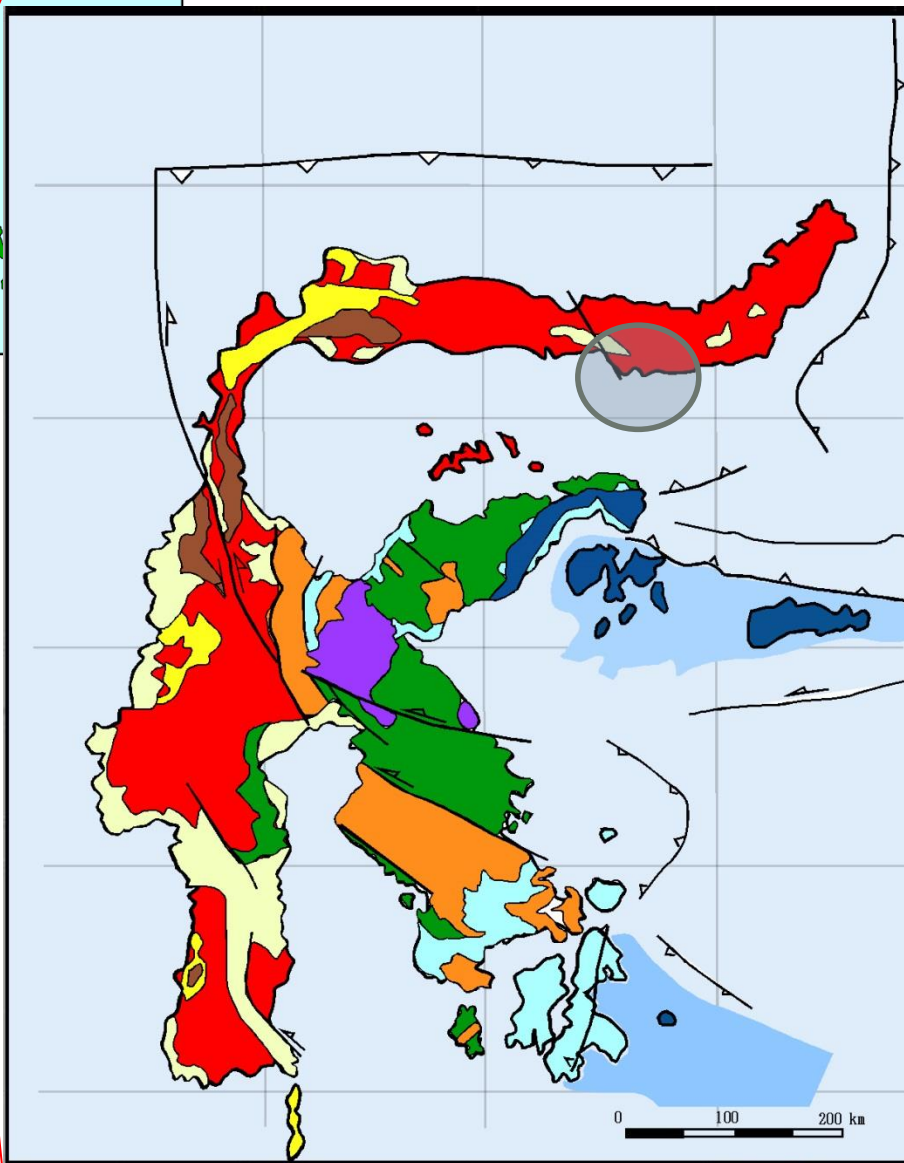
Metal mineral production in Indonesia (2011)

	Ni	Cu	Au	Pb
Production volume( $10^3$ t)	<b>230</b>	<b>625</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>51</b>
W	<b>2位</b>	<b>8位</b>	<b>8位</b>	<b>2位</b>

(U.S.Geological Survey, Mineral Commodity Summaries, January 2012)



# REGIONAL GEOLOGY



## West and North Sulawesi Volcano-Plutonic Arc

- Quaternary sediments
- Cenozoic volcanics and plutonic rocks
- Tertiary sediments
- Mesozoic or younger metamorphic and ultramafic basement complex

## Central Sulawesi Metamorphic Belt

- Ophiolite Melange
- HP Metamorphic Rock (Pompangeo schists)

## East Sulawesi Ophiolite Belt

- Neogene and Quaternary sediments
- Ophiolite

## Banggai-Sula & Tukang Besi Continental Fragments

- Continental basement and cover
- Continental basement below sea level
- Major thrust
- Major strike-slip fault
- Active volcano

(Kadarusman et al, 2002; Maulana et al, 2009)

## Quartz vein



## Malachite layer ( $\text{Cu}_2\text{CO}_3(\text{OH})_2$ )



**Hydrothermal activity, Secondary enrichment effect were confirmed.**

Boring core :SMD057

TORITE

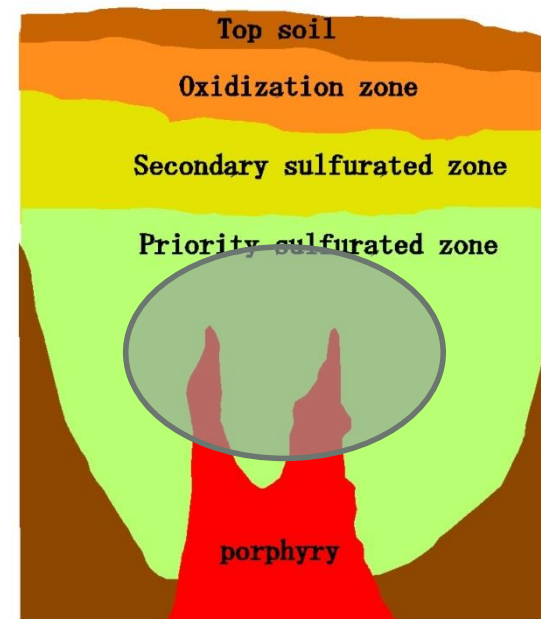


▪ stock work of quartz



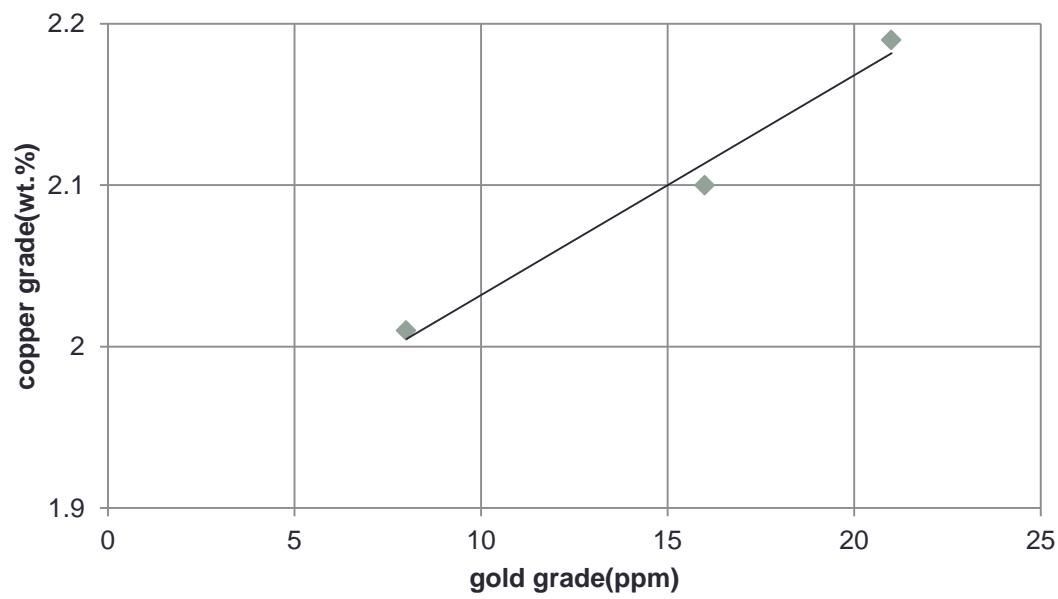
▪ characteristic of porphyry

Around the 160m depth from surface, boundary of primary sulfide zone and intrusive rock are estimated.



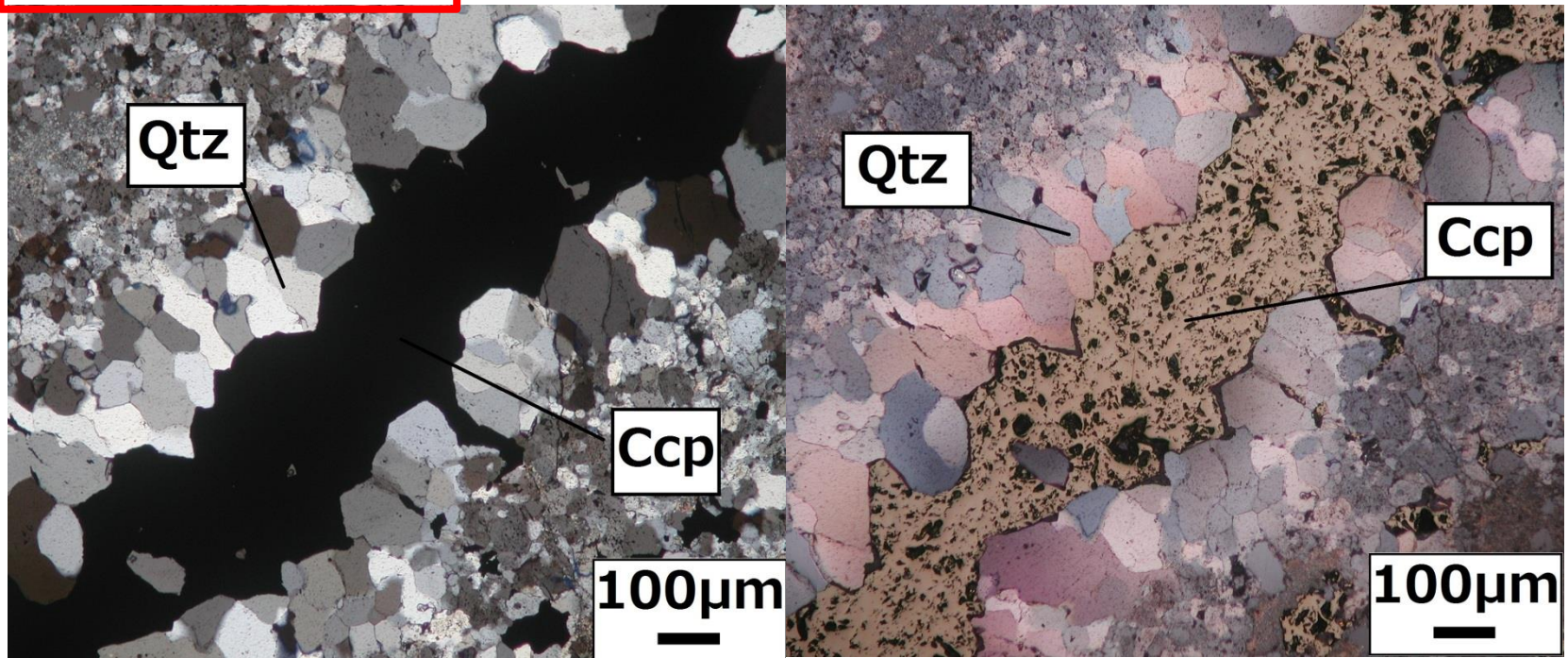
# XRF ANALYSIS

Sample No.		SMD057												
		27.20M	54.40M	78.50M	86.50M	102.00M	135.50M	150.00M	165.20M	176.00M	183.00M	194.00M	204.70M	240.00M
SiO <sub>2</sub>	wt%	81.3	54.79	87.28	75.71	91.35	68.62	78.63	78.18	87.65	80.91	64.86	64.08	67.52
TiO <sub>2</sub>	wt%	0.79	0.8	0.08	0.2	0.06	0.37	0.23	0.28	0.22	0.16	0.39	0.47	0.52
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	wt%	0.61	25.46	4.04	7.13	0.84	15.49	12.06	9.82	7.78	7.51	16.75	16.15	11.43
FeO	wt%	15.49	7.3	2.33	4.91	2.75	5.86	1.82	2.95	0.72	3.59	6.01	5.85	4.06
MnO	wt%	0.01	0.05	0	0	0.01	0.03	0	0	0	0	0.01	0.05	0.04
MgO	wt%	0.17	2.4	0.36	0.52	0.2	3.28	0.33	0.3	0.15	0.55	3.20	3.22	3.22
CaO	wt%	0.03	0.59	0.04	0.06	0.01	0.29	0.11	0.07	0.04	0.1	0.13	2.24	3.10
Na <sub>2</sub> O	wt%	0	0.31	0.04	0.01	0.04	0.22	0.15	0.77	0.02	0.17	3.62	3.86	0.54
K <sub>2</sub> O	wt%	0.01	2.99	0.87	1.15	0.13	1.37	1.64	1.5	0.04	1.33	1.89	0.91	2.17
P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	wt%	0.03	0.2	0.04	0.08	0.02	0.04	0.14	0.09	0.12	0.09	0.04	0.23	0.10
Au	ppm	n.d.	n.d.	21	n.d.	8	n.d.	n.d.	16	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.
Ag	ppm	7	3	17	6	10	14	6	n.d.	n.d.	6	4	4	7
Cu	wt%	0.0228	0.3619	2.1871	1.2872	2.0070	0.9180	0.7076	2.1006	0.0198	0.9963	0.4492	0.2328	0.3399
Pb	ppm	114	96	180	194	97	79	519	200	122	17	27	79	79
Zn	ppm	n.d.	219	29	3									
As	ppm	432	96	47	401									
Sb	ppm	12	9	5	9									
Hg	ppm	2	n.d.	2	n.d.									
Ba	ppm	19	291	298	410									
Rb	ppm	1	83	17	29									
Y	ppm	5	20	6	26									
Sr	ppm	14	31	97	267									
Co	ppm	n.d.	9	2	12									
Nb	ppm	5	5	1	4									
V	ppm	100	169	13	49									
W	ppm	37	49	n.d.	39									
Zr	ppm	115	96	11	31									
Mo	ppm	6	5	12	21									
Cd	ppm	5	2	4	2									
Cl	ppm	1	76	236	108									
LOI	wt%	1.38	4.55	1.00	5.53									



# THIN SECTION OBSERVATION

SMD057—78.50M—



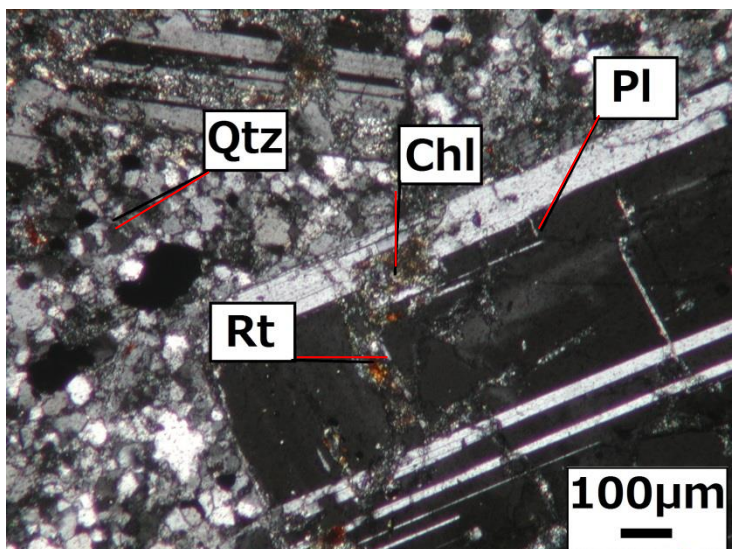
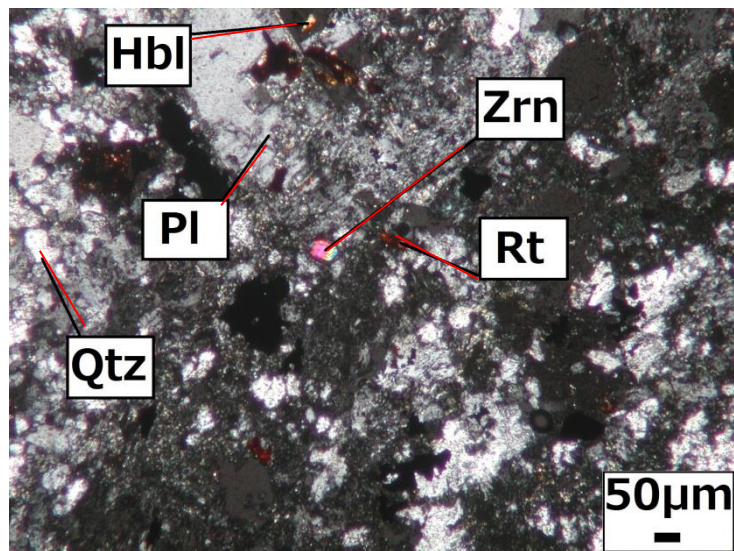
Quartz vein and chalcopyrite-pyrite vein (left: crossed nicols, right: open nicol)

After quartz vein developed, chalcopyrite-pyrite vein fill the gap of quartz vein.

At least, hydrothermal activity was happened two times.

# THIN SECTION OBSERVATION AND XRD RESULT

SMD057—204.70M—



Hbl : hornblende      Rt : rutile  
Pl : plagioclase      Qtz : quartz  
Chl : chlorite        Zrn : zircon

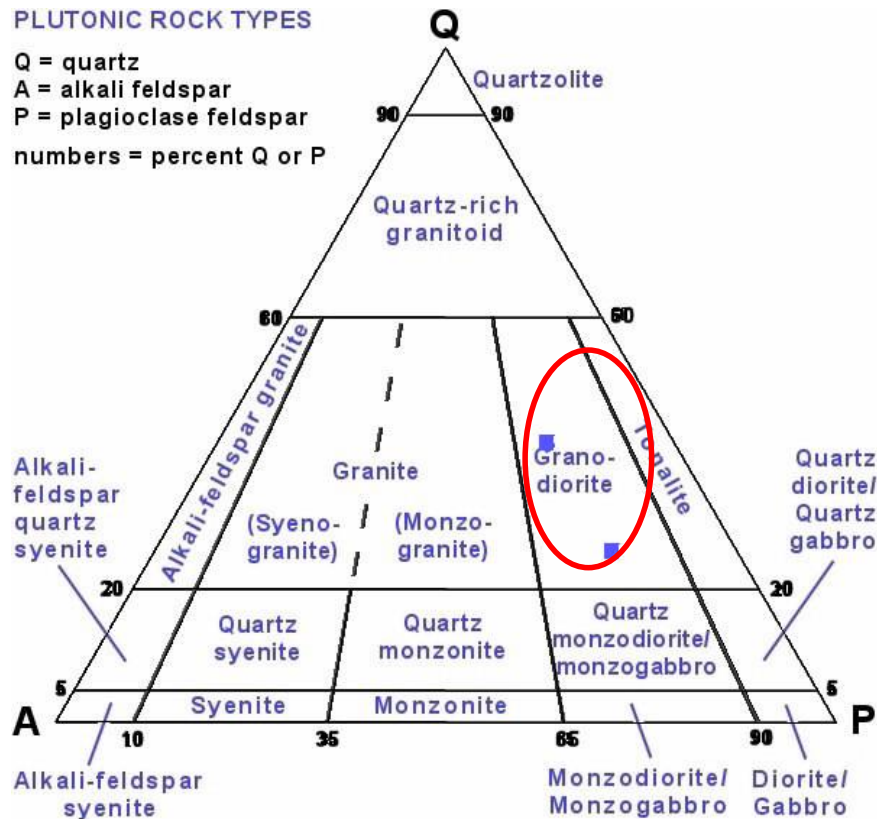
• By thin section observation and XRD analysis, hornblende, plagioclase, chlorite, illite and pyrophyllite were confirmed as rock-forming minerals.

• Groundmass and phenocryst were confirmed, so this one is porphyry.

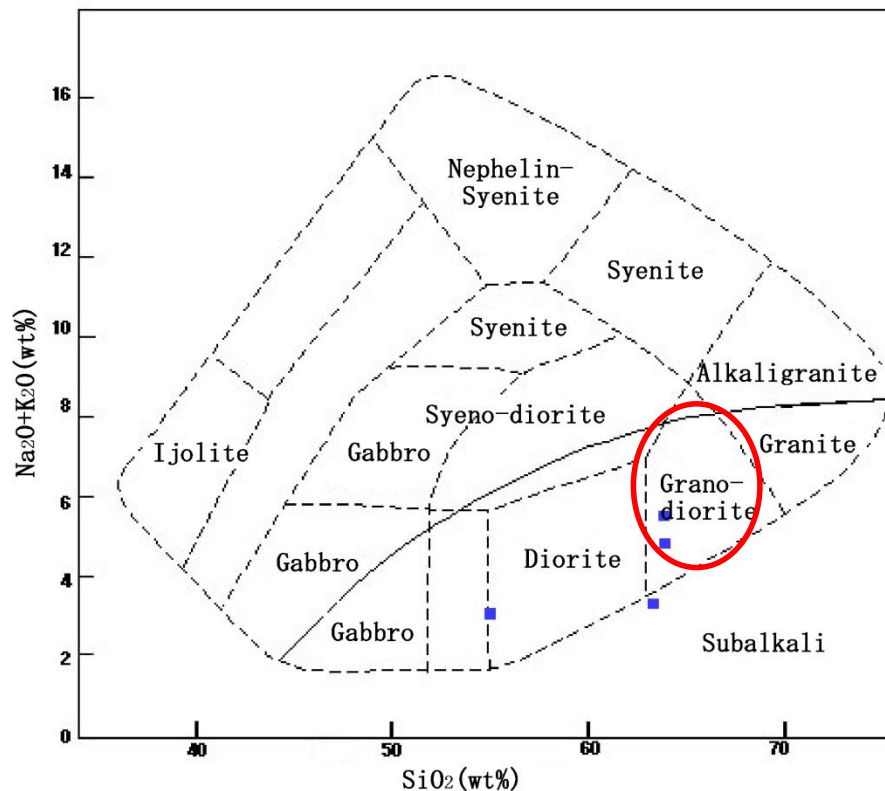
# CLASSIFICATION OF INTRUSIVE ROCK

## PLUTONIC ROCK TYPES

Q = quartz  
A = alkali feldspar  
P = plagioclase feldspar  
numbers = percent Q or P



(after Steckeis, 1978)

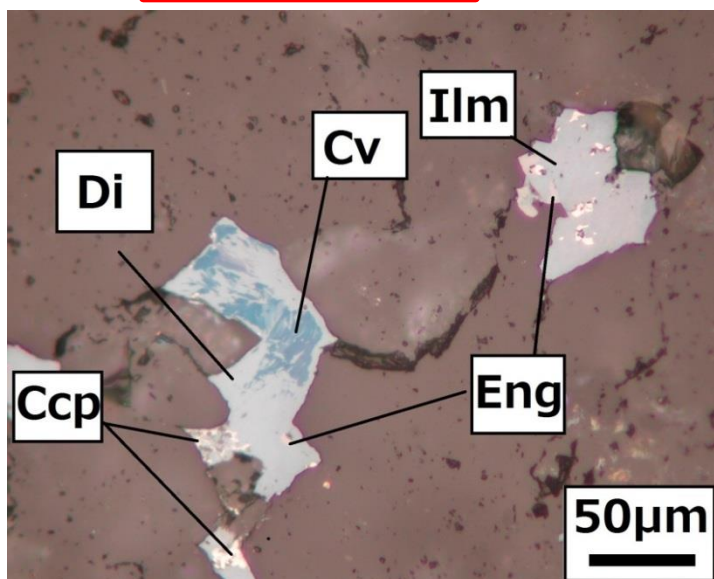


(after Cox et al., 1979, adapted by Wilson, 1989)

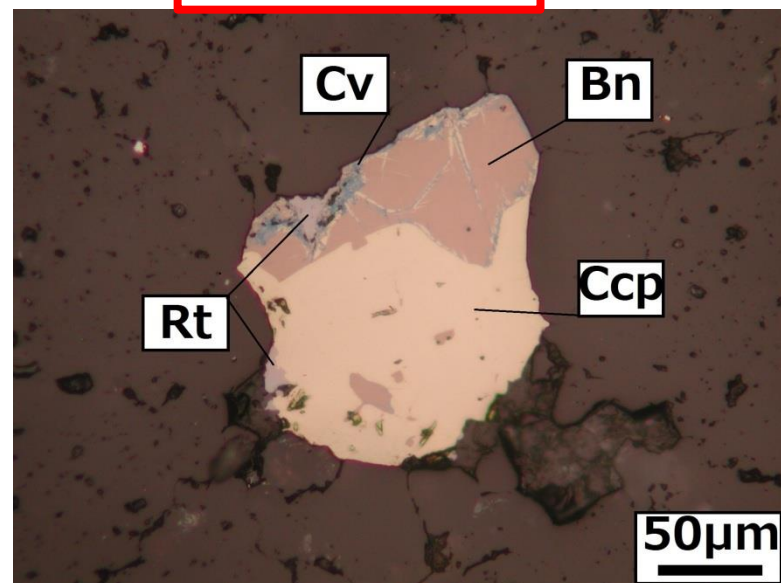
**Intrusive rock is Grano-diorite**

# POLISH SECTION OBSERVATION

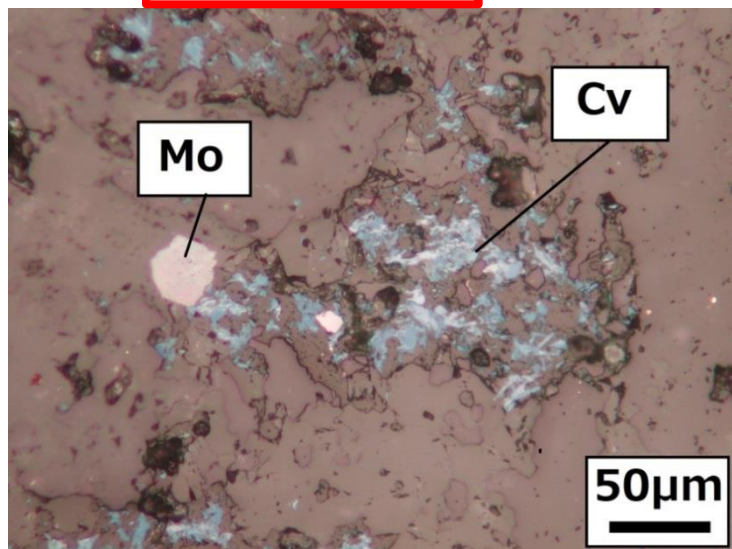
SMD098-45.50M



SMD057-102.00M



SMD098-45.50M



Ccp: chalcocite

Eng :enargite

Di : digenite

Mo :molybdenite

Cv : covellite

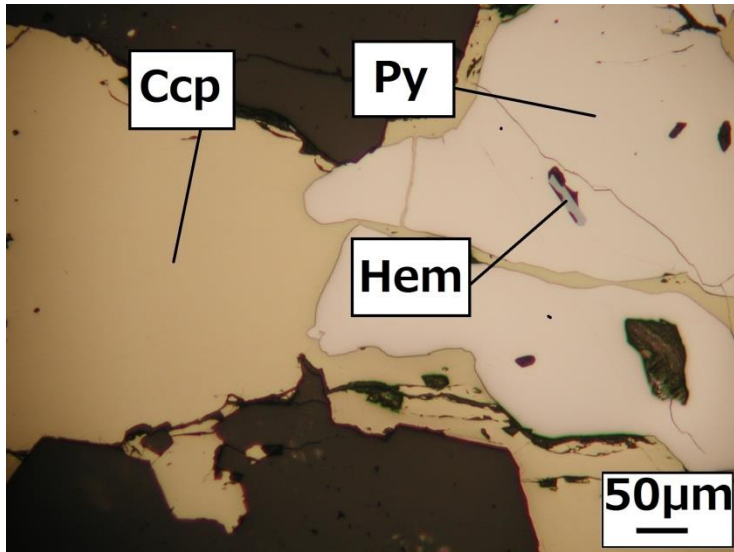
Bn : bornite

Rt : rutile

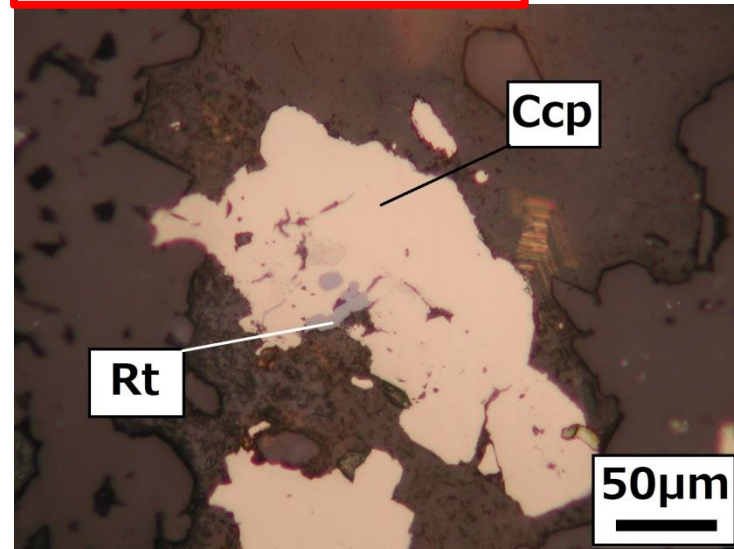
Chalcopyrite, bornite, chalcocite, digenite, enargite, molybdenite, (covellite) that are produced as ore mineral of porphyry copper deposit were confirmed.

# POLISH SECTION OBSERVATION

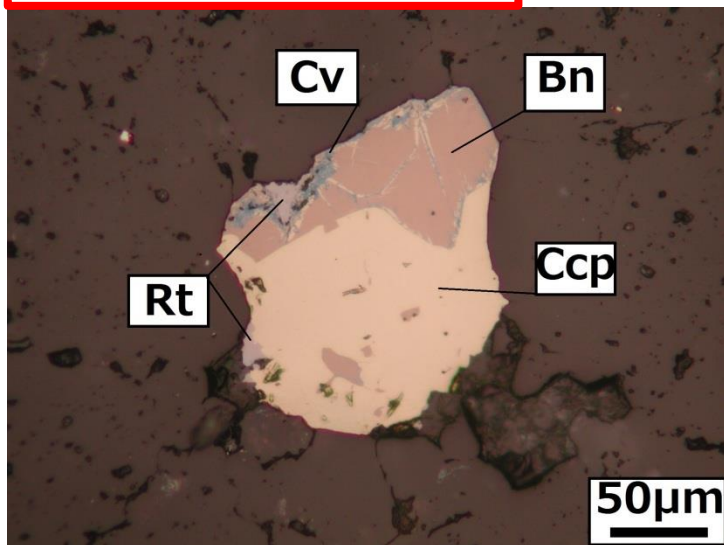
SMD057—78.50M—



SMD057—102.00M—



SMD057—165.00M—



Ccp: chalcopyrite

Hem: hematite

Cv : covellite

Py : pyrite

Rt : rutile

Bn : bornite

From three samples, gold mineralization were confirmed by XRD.

Gold was mineralized with high grade copper.

# RESULT OF MICROSCOPY

Sample No.	Sample Name		<i>chalcopyrite</i>	<i>covellite</i>	<i>bornite</i>	<i>digenite</i>	<i>enargite</i>	<i>pyrite</i>	<i>ilmenite</i>	<i>hematite</i>	<i>molybdenite</i>	<i>rutile</i>	<i>zircon</i>
YM20120909-05	SMD057	78.50M	+++	TR.	TR.	TR.	+						
YM20120909-08		102.00M	+++	TR.	TR.	TR.	+					TR.	
YM20120909-10		135.50M	+		+			+				TR.	
YM20120909-11		150.00M	++	TR.	TR.			+++	TR.				TR.
YM20120909-12		165.20M	+++	TR.	TR.	TR.							
YM20120909-13	SMD098	176.00M	+									TR.	TR.
YM20120909-14		183.00M	+++				+++		+			+	+
YM20120909-15		194.00M	++		TR.				++	+		TR.	
YM20120909-16		204.70M	+						++	++		++	+
YM20120909-19	SMD098	45.50M	++								TR.	TR.	
YM20120909-23		176.20M										++	

Primary sulfide zone

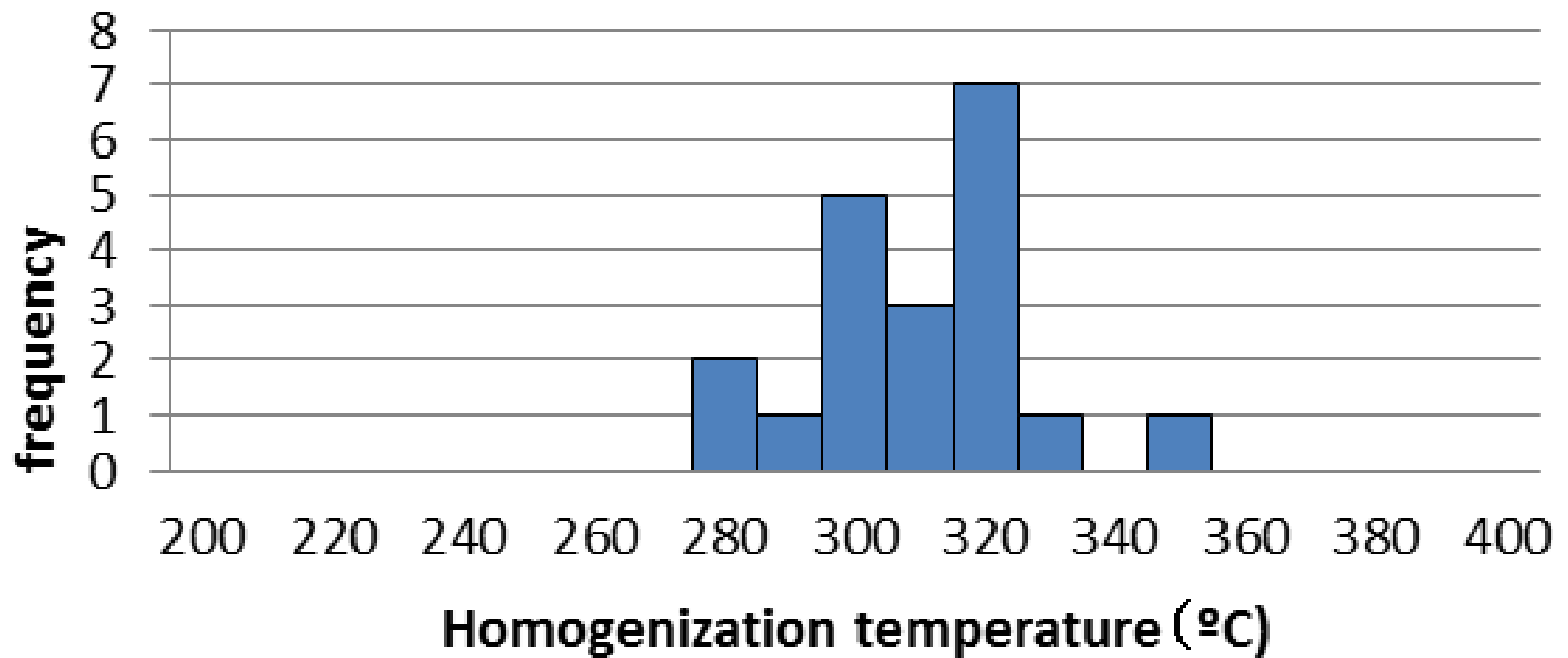
Intrusive rock

Primary sulfide zone

Intrusive rock

+++>++>+ quantity of extend TR.=trace

# FLUID INCLUSION



The temperature of vein formation in Sungi Mak  
is

**282-350°C (Mode value: 320°C),**

salinity is

**2.4-17.8wt%.**

# CONCLUSION

- Intrusive rock is grano-diorite porphyry.
- Characteristic ore of porphyry copper deposit was confirmed.
- Hydrothermal activity was happened at least two times, and gold was mineralized with high grade copper
- Maximum copper grade is 2.1%, and average copper grade is 0.98%. When the combination of chalcopyrite, covellite, bornite, digenite, enargite and pyrite were seen, gold mineralization (8-21ppm) was confirmed.
- The temperature of vein formation in Sungai Mak is 282-350°C (Mode value: 320°C), salinity is 2.4-17.8wt%.



**Sungai Mak is porphyry copper deposit.**

Thank you for your kind  
listening.



