

# The Achievement of Environmental Impact Controls



And

# The Study on the IGCC Project



# in Mae Moh Coal-Fired Power Plant

**ASEAN ++ 2013 : Moving Forward : The 11<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Mining, Materials and Petroleum Engineering, The 7<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Earth Resources Technology and ASEAN Forum on Clean Coal Technology**

**November 11 – 13, 2013,**

**Centara Duangtawan Hotel, Chiang Mai, Thailand**

**By Thitiporn Supasri<sup>1</sup>, Thanawan Sumonsart<sup>2</sup>, Nat Suwannatthep<sup>3</sup>**

**Engineer from Mae Moh Power Plant**

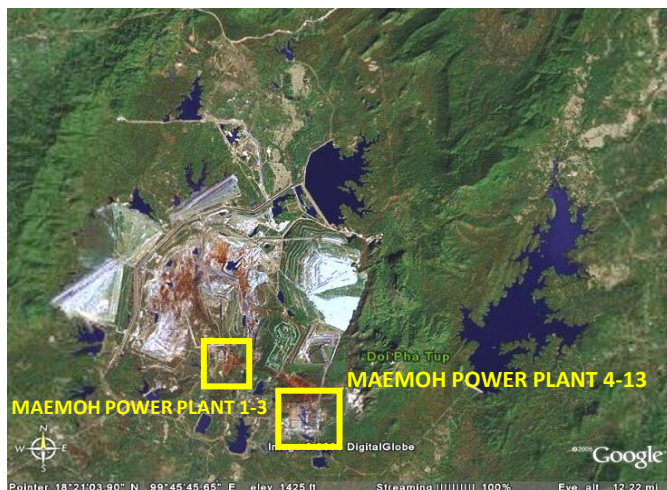
**Electricity Generating Authority of Thailand, THAILAND**

# Contents



- Overview of Mae Moh Power Plant
- Power Plant Emission Control (  $\text{SO}_2$ ,  $\text{NO}_2$ , TSP )
  - Process
  - Management measures
- Study of The IGCC Project 500 MW at Mae Moh  
[ MHI + IEEJ + JCOAL + METI ]

# Overview Mae Moh Power Plant



Satellite Image Above Mae Moh Power Plant and Mining Area

## : Mae Moh mining process



Source: Mae Moh Mine, EGAT

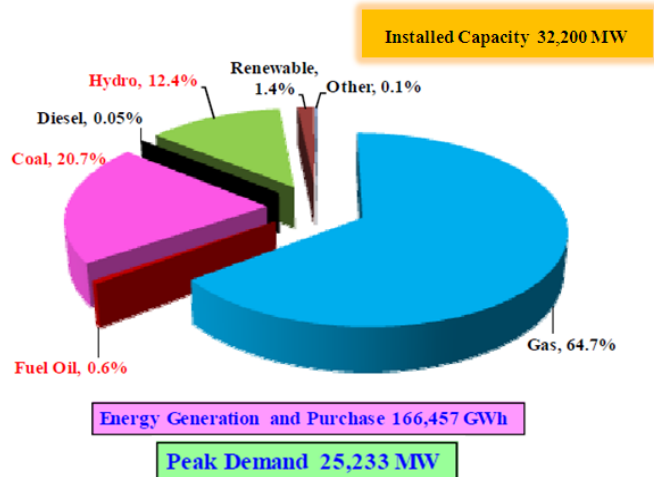


Unit	Construction (Year)		Operating (Year)	Generating Capacity (MW)
	Started	COD		
4	1981	1984	27	150
5	1981	1984		150
6	1982	1985		150
7	1982	1985	22	300
8	1986	1989		300
9	1987	1990	20	300
10	1989	1991		300
11	1989	1992	17	300
12	1991	1995		300
13	1991	1995		300
<b>Total :</b>				<b>2,400</b>

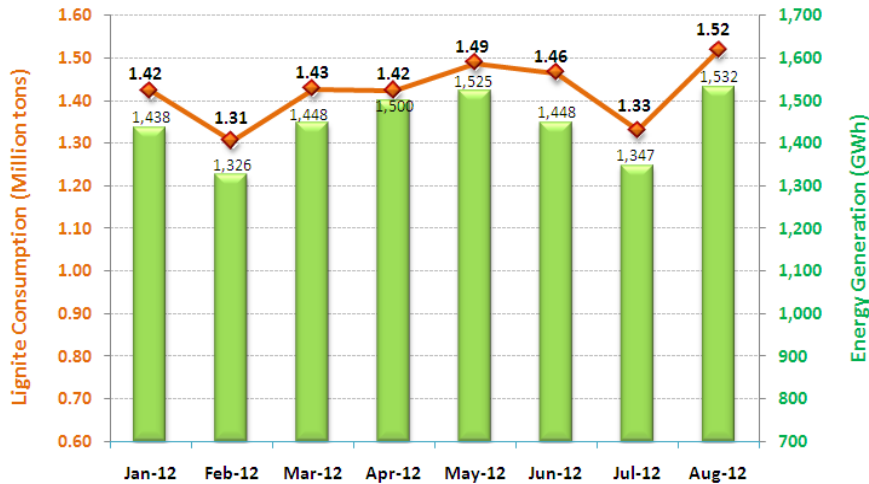
Remark : Unit 1-3 (3\*75MW) were decommissioned since 1<sup>st</sup> October 2003

# Overview Mae Moh Power Plant

## : EGAT Generation Plan Y2012

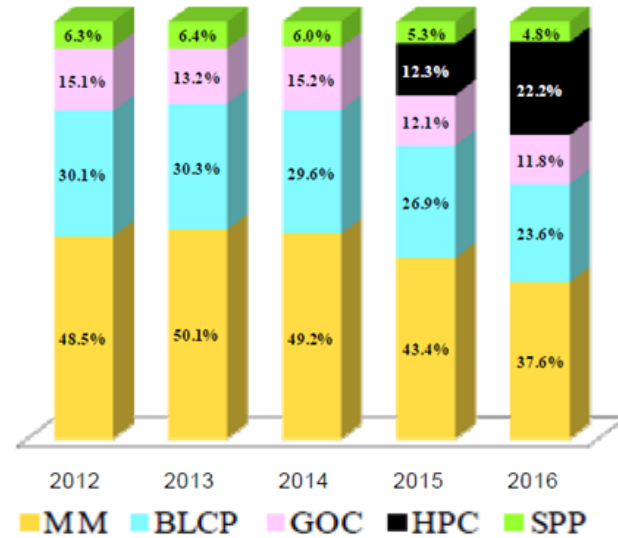


Source: System Control Operation Division, EGAT



Source: Mae Moh Production Division, EGAT

## : Coal Energy Generation Plan



Source: System Control Operation Division, EGAT

### Y2012 (8 months) :

**Total Lignite Consumption = 11.38 Million tons**

**Total Net Energy Generation = 11,565 GWh**

**Availability Factor = 93.14%**

# Overview Mae Moh Power Plant



: MAE MOH LIGNITE

## PROXIMATE ANALYSIS

MOISTURE	% BY WT.	30 - 32
ASH	% BY WT.	20 - 26
VOLATILE MATTER	% BY WT.	22 - 32
FIXED CARBON	% BY WT.	15 - 23
AVG. SULPHUR	% BY WT.	2.4 - 3.5
HEATING VALUE	LHV :	Kcal/Kg 2,450
	HHV :	Kcal/Kg 2,750

<b>SULPHUR/LOW.HEAT</b>	<b>= 11.2</b>	<b>mg/Kcal</b>
<b>SULPHURDIOXIDE CONCENTRATION</b>	<b>= 4,536</b>	<b>ppm.</b>

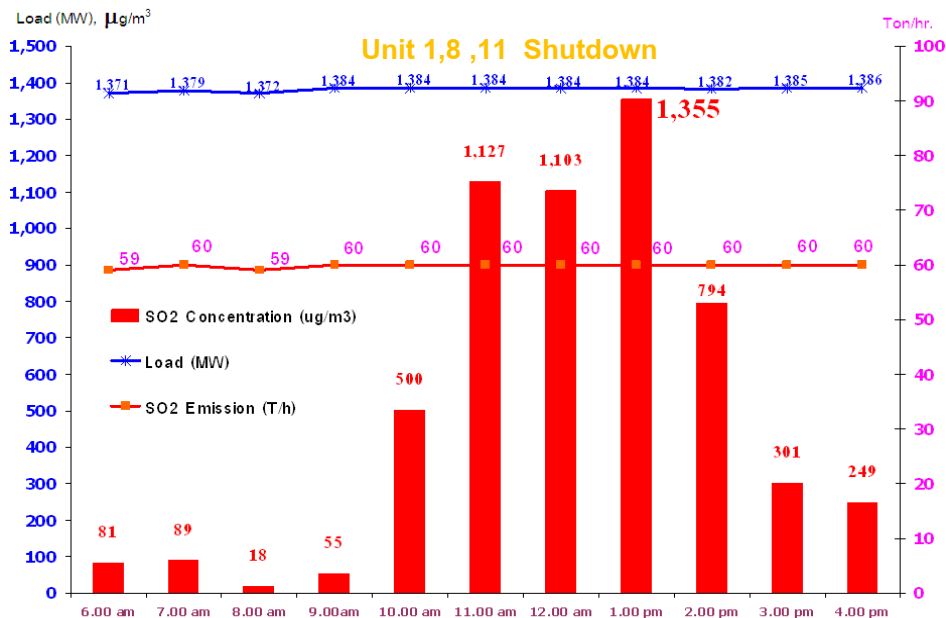
Source: Mae Moh Production Division, EGAT

- The existing units using domestic lignite at Mae Moh (Open Pit Mining: Area of 30 square kilometers)
- Consumption :
  - Lignite 45,000 ton/day (16 million ton/year)
  - Water 133,000 m<sup>3</sup>/day (50 million m<sup>3</sup>/year)
  - Limestone 3,600 ton/day (1.3 million ton/year)
- By Products and Emission :
  - Ash 4.4 million ton/year
  - Gypsum 2.4 million ton/year
  - SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, TSP
  - Waste water 9.1 million m<sup>3</sup>/year

# **PART I : EMISSION CONTROL**

# Air pollution occurred in the past

: Data 3<sup>rd</sup> October 1992



Source: Flue Gas Desulfurization Department, Mae Moh Power Plant of EGAT



## Pollution Control Department (PCD)

Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment, Thailand

Y1998 Issued New Standard: Mae Moh Power Plant Emission

- SO<sub>2</sub> Emission <780 µg/Nm<sup>3</sup> in one hour.  
And Total of all units <11 ton/hr.
- SO<sub>2</sub> Concentration <320 ppm.

- During 1992, in early October
  - Weather(season) : rainy => winter
  - High pressure atmosphere => the air around the plant to engross in the phenomenon
- Ground level ambient SO<sub>2</sub> concentration was observed.
- Environmental impact => people living in several villages located downwind from the power plant sought medical attention for symptoms which included stinging nose and throat and shortness of breath. The plants and animals have been affected.
- Afterwards, EGAT realize to eliminate the problem completely.

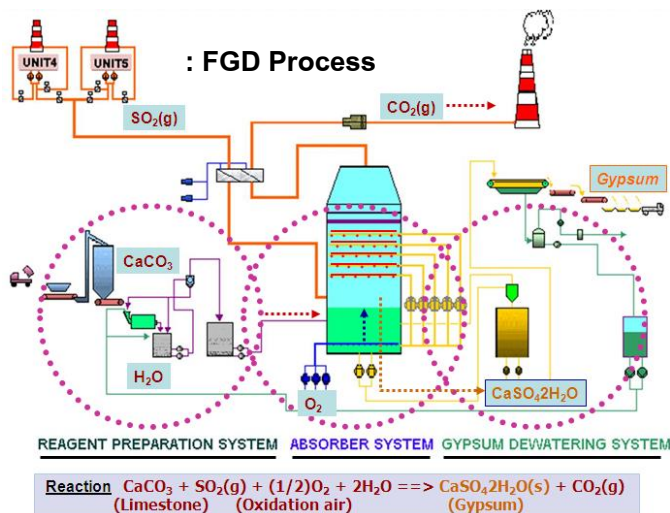
# FLUE GAS DESULFURIZATION SYSTEM (FGD)

## : FGD Mae Moh Power Plant

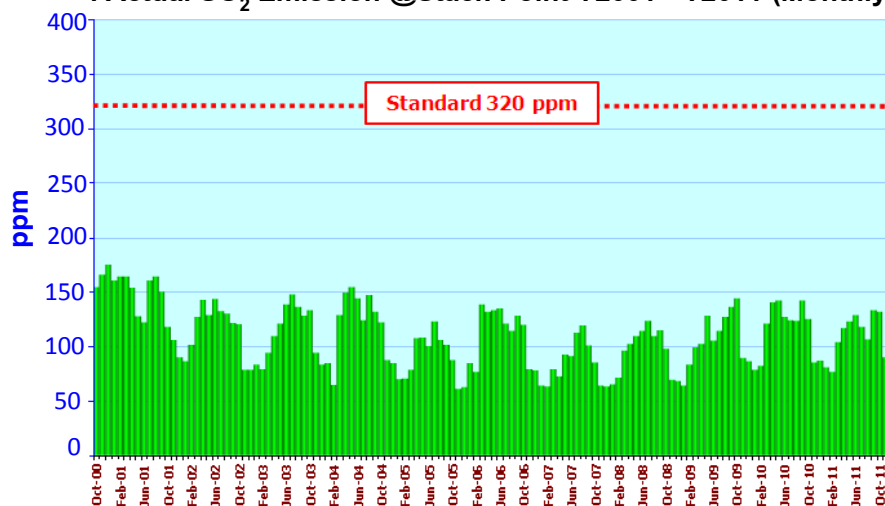


Unit	Efficiency (%)	Commissioning (Year)	Construction Cost (Million Baht)
4-5	97	2000	2,321
6-7	97	1999	
8	95	1997	2,624
9	95	1997	
10	95	1998	
11	95	1998	2,160
12	92	1995	
13	92	1995	

**Total : 7,105**



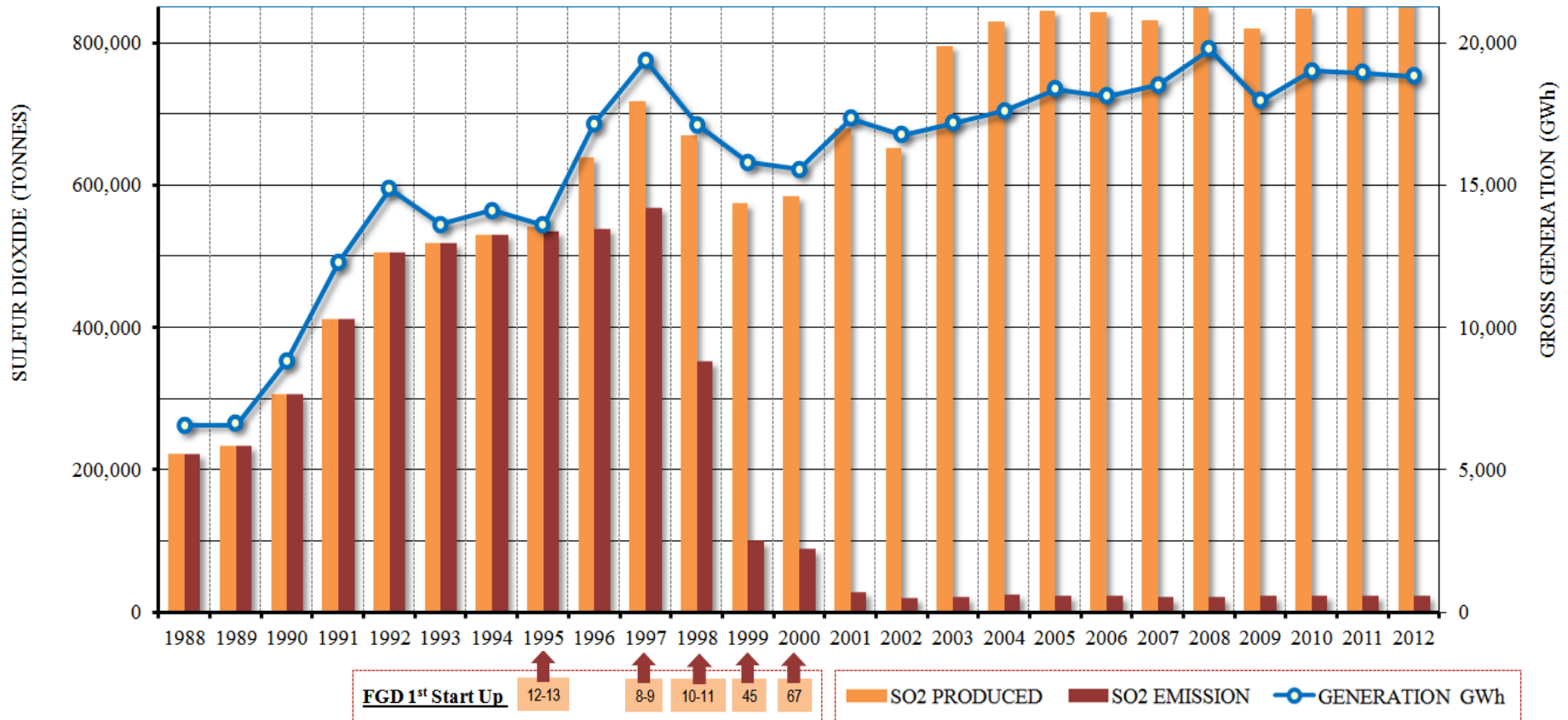
## : Actual SO<sub>2</sub> Emission @Stack Point Y2001 - Y2011 (Monthly)



Source: Mae Moh Production Division, EGAT

# SO<sub>2</sub> Emission control

**Mae Moh Power Plant  
Gross Generation & Sulfur Dioxide Emission (1988-2012)**



Source: Mae Moh Production Division, EGAT

# SO<sub>2</sub> Emission Control Procedures

## Normal controls at power plant :

SO<sub>2</sub> Emission @stack sum of all units

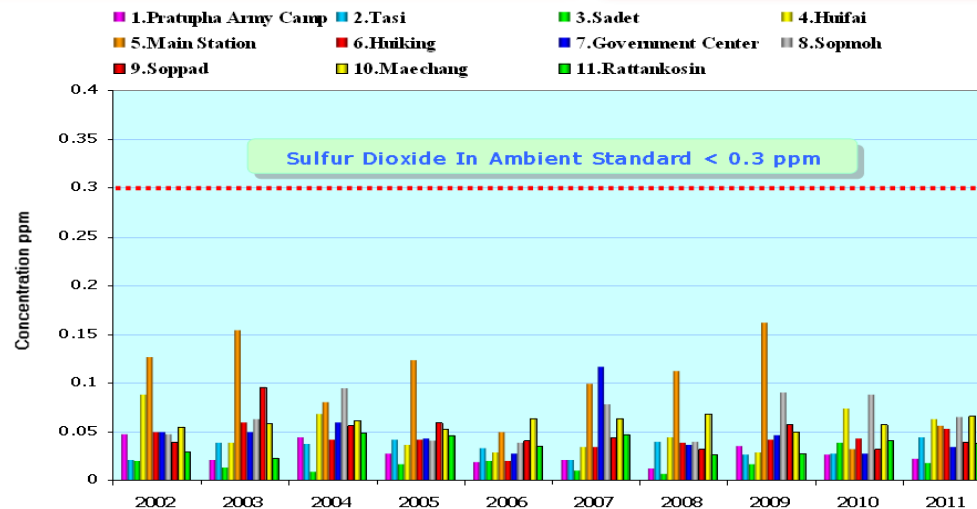
- ✓ Mar-Oct < 4.8 ton/hr.
- ✓ Nov-Feb < 2.0 ton/hr. (06:00-12:00 am)
- < 3.0 ton/hr. (other times)

SO<sub>2</sub> concentrate at stations monitoring ↑ :

“ Solution is Decrease Load to control ”

## Emergency Case : FGD Outage(unavailable)

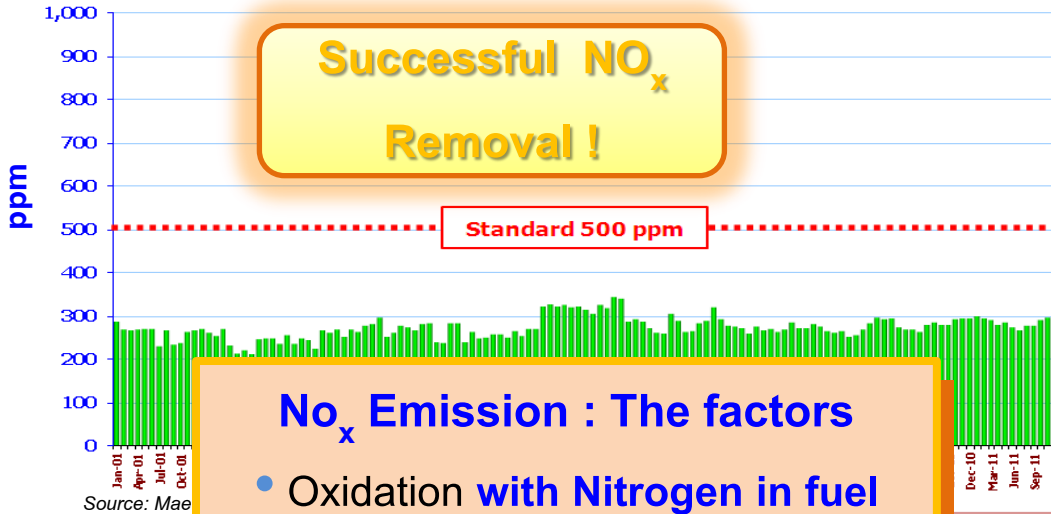
- Reduce lignite consumption
- 30 mins. later if FGD still unavailable  
=> use only diesel fuel. And then if FGD still unavailable within 2 hrs. **must shutdown plant.**
- Nov-Feb 06:00-11:00 am  
=> **Trip plant immediately**



Sources: Mae Moh Production Division, EGAT

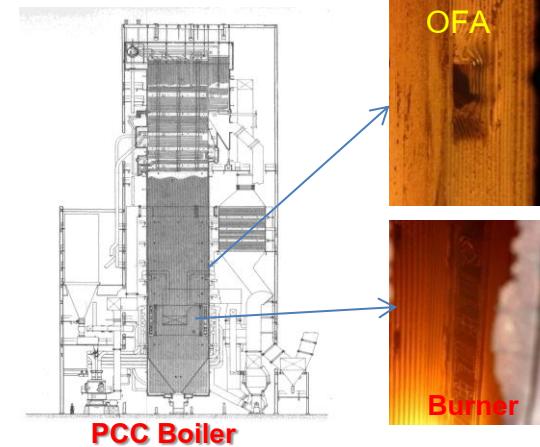
# NO<sub>2</sub> Emission control

: Actual NO<sub>2</sub> Emission @Stack Point Y2001 - Y2011 (Monthly)



## All Units : Low NO<sub>x</sub> Burner

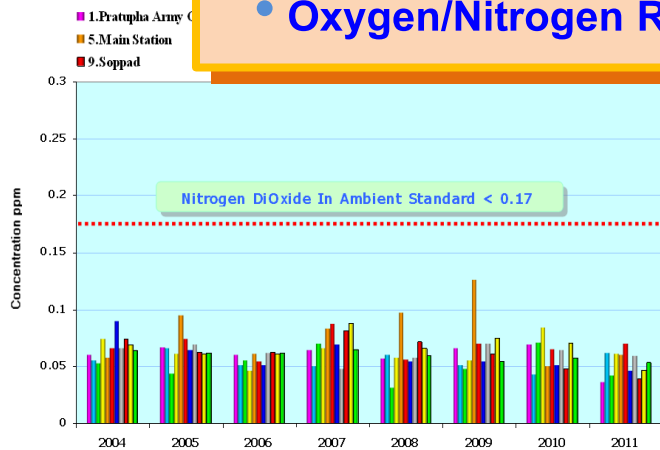
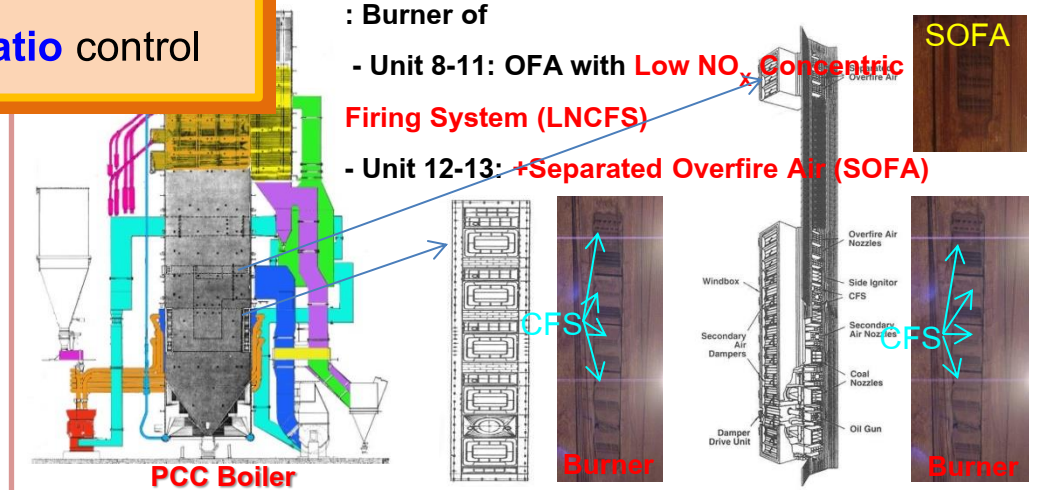
: Burner of Unit 4-7 with Overfire air (OFA)



: Burner of

- Unit 8-11: OFA with **Low NO<sub>x</sub> Concentric Firing System (LNCFS)**

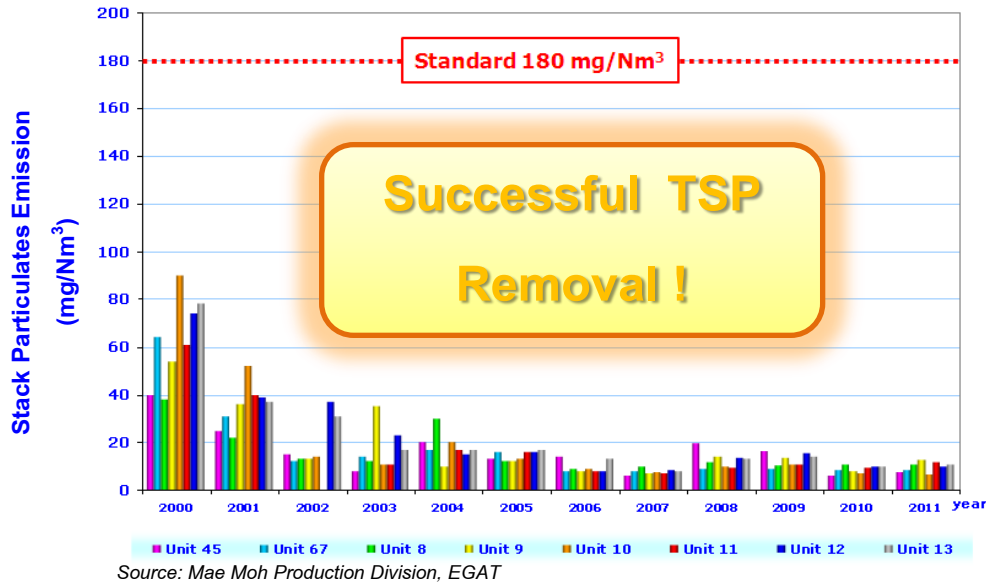
- Unit 12-13: **+Separated Overfire Air (SOFA)**



Sources: Mae Moh Production Division, EGAT

# TSP Emission control

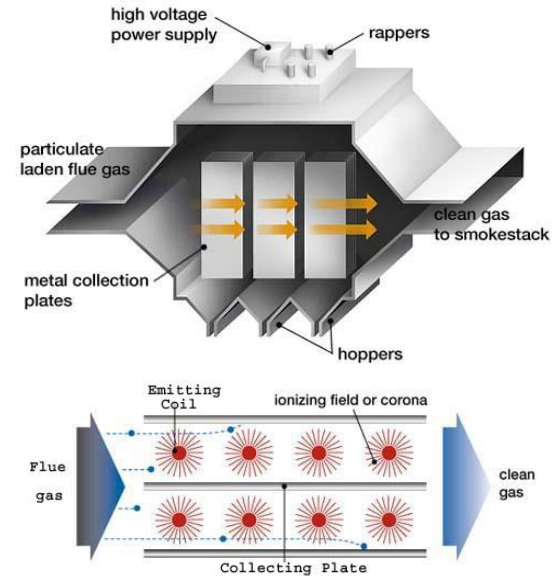
: Actual Dust Emission @Stack Point Y2000 - Y2011 (Monthly)



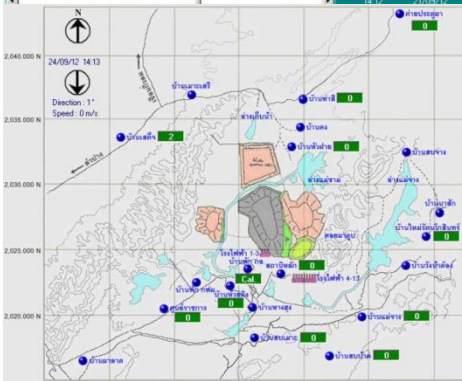
**All Units : ESP Efficiency  
more than design value (99.5-99.75%)**

## Electro Static Precipitator (ESP)

### Collecting Plate + Emitting Coil



# Continuous Emission Monitoring



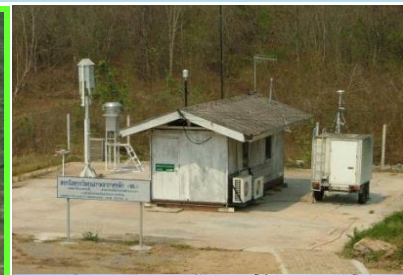
Unit	SO2	MS	KO	HK	HF	TS	KP
Unit 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unit 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unit 3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unit 4	149.45	0.33	413.61	130.50	0	726.72	
Unit 5	150.57	0.26	407.93	148.56	0	712.74	
Unit 6	150.80	0.26	406.56	139.54	0	624.60	
Unit 7	150.24	0.26	400.06	130.02	0	640.35	
Unit 8	278.70	0.49	448.75	269.25	0	675.00	
Unit 9	280.21	0.39	368.74	266.00	0	744.30	
Unit 10	300.20	0.37	354.99	258.49	0	556.50	
Unit 11	94.00	0	0	66.50	3.56	280.20	
Unit 12	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Unit 13	300.23	0.60	536.06	262.89	0	383.34	
Total 1-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total 4-13	601.07	1.11	402.39	548.63	0	678.95	
Total 8-13	1253.34	1.85	429.12	1123.13	3.56	587.63	
Total 1-13	1854.41	2.96	420.71	1671.76	3.56	622.98	

Cal. = Calibrate      Message : Welcome to the SO2 Emission Online 2009  
 N/A = Not Available  
 A/C = AC Line Down  
 \* = SO2 and NOX are average value



**11 stations** + **1 point@Stack for each unit**

- Mae Moh District Office } **Government Pollution Control**
  - Baan Sop Paad } **Department Monitoring Station**
  - Pratu Pha Camp
  - Baan Ta See
  - Baan Sadej
  - Baan Hua Fai
  - Main Station
  - Baan Sop Paad
  - Baan Sop Moh
  - Baan Mae Jang
  - Rattanasint
  - Huai King
  - Mae Moh District Office
- EGAT Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Station**



## Summary Part I

- ❑ The pollution problems in the past as a key to improve the manufacturing process. More environmentally conscious.
- ❑ We search for devices which high performance technology to capture particles that pollute the environment around Mae Moh Power Plant.
- ❑ Process & Continuous Measuring Controls are very important.
- ❑ ISO 14001 Certification : 1<sup>st</sup> time Y2001 (Cont. until now)

**“Therefore, The Mae Moh Power Plant which is the largest coal-fired power plant in Thailand can control pollution emitted than the law requires.”**

## **PART II : STUDY OF THE IGCC PROJECT**



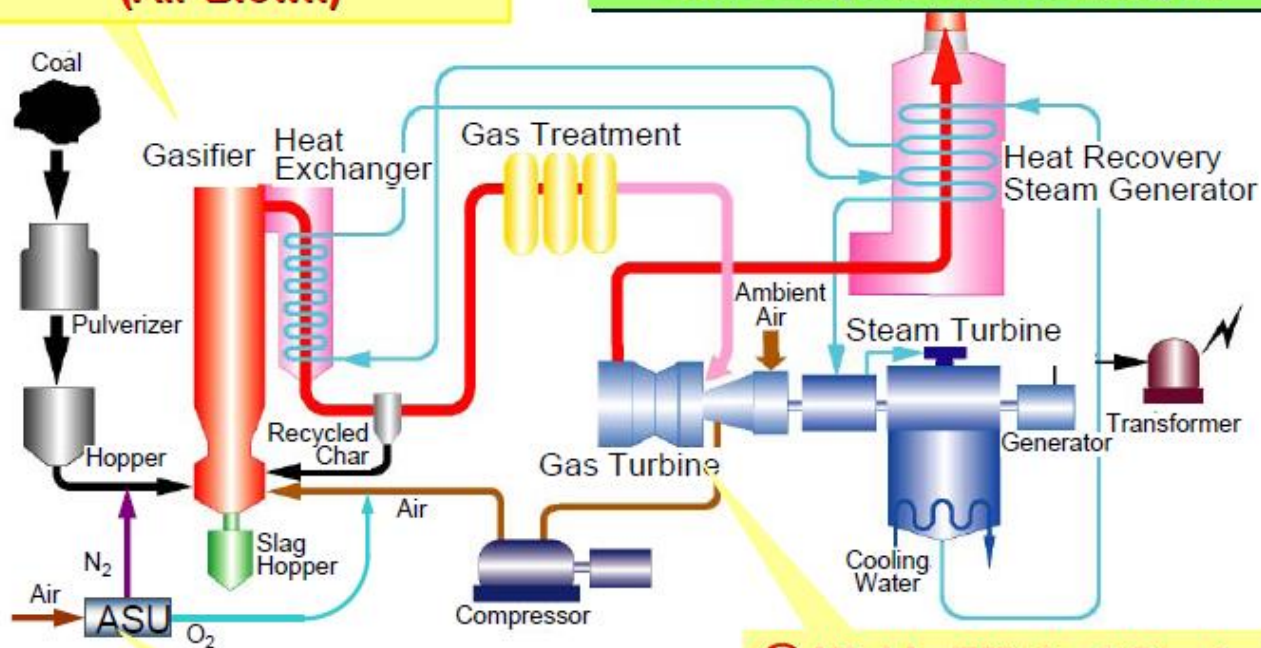
# Study of The IGCC Project at Mae Moh

## MHI Air-Blown IGCC System



**① Highly Efficient Gasifier (Air-Blown)**

**④ System Integration capability is MHI's key factor of strength.**



**③ Small ASU for N2 Production (for Coal Transportation and Inerting)**

Essentially different from the other Oxygen-blown technologies.

**② Highly Efficient Gas turbine (High Temperature)**

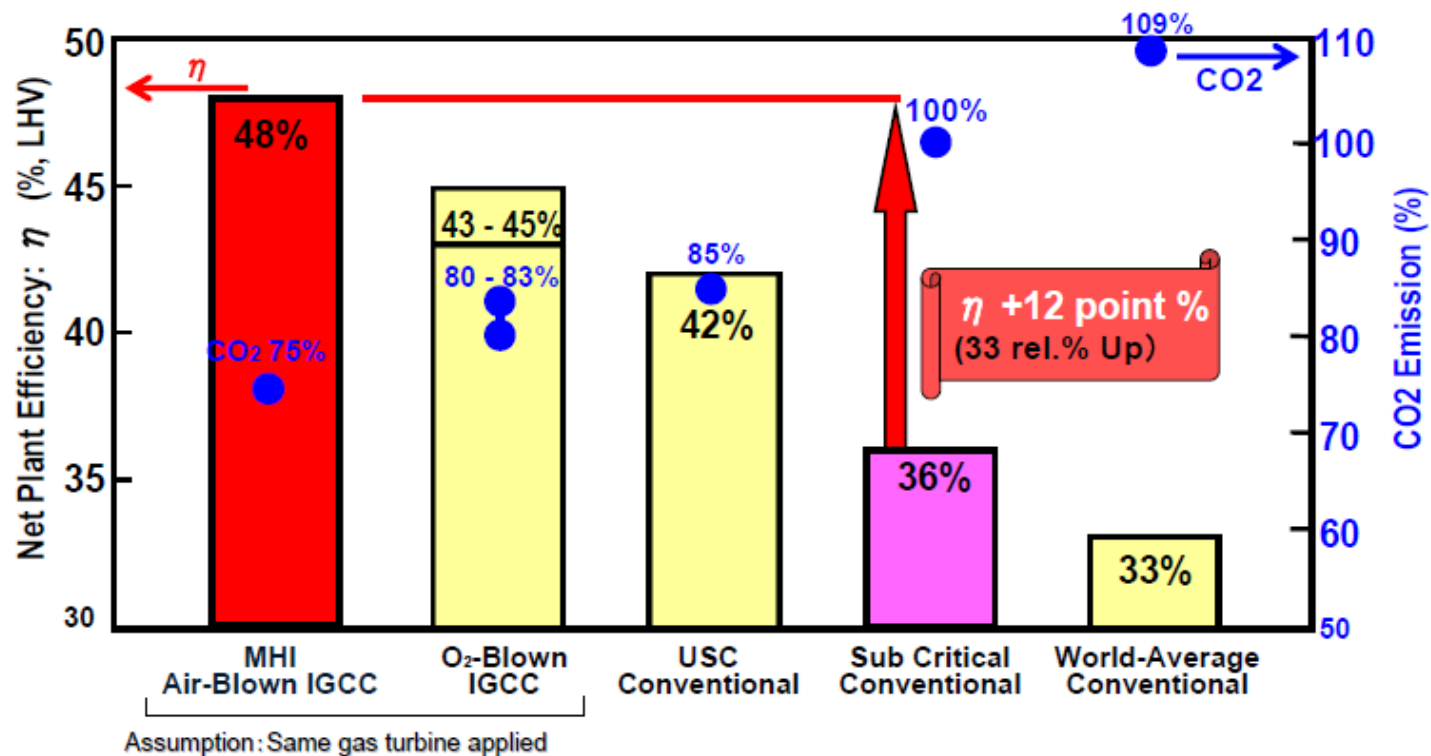


# Study of The IGCC Project at Mae Moh

## Features of MHI Air-Blown IGCC

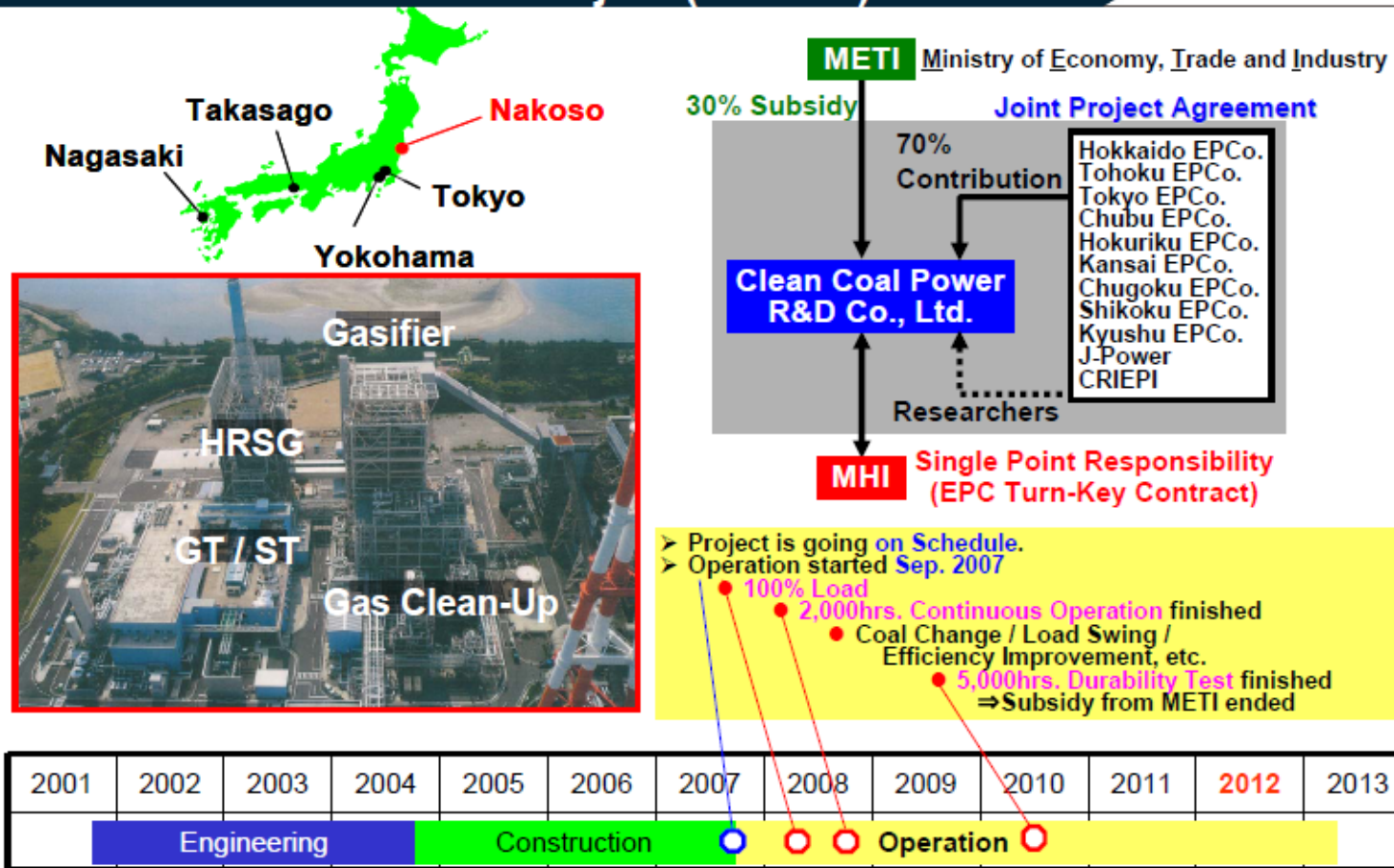


- CO<sub>2</sub> is extremely reduced by high efficiency.
- The Air-Blown IGCC is MHI's original technology.



# Study of The IGCC Project at Mae Moh

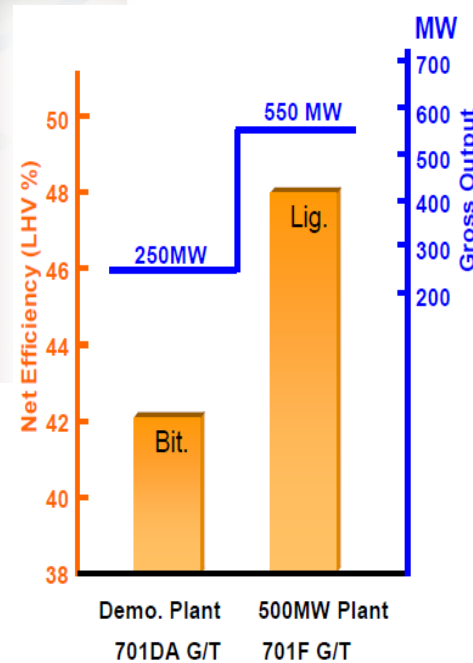
## Present Status of 250MW IGCC Demonstration Project (Nakoso)



All of the demonstration targets have been achieved.

# Study of The IGCC Project at Mae Moh

## Typical Major Specification of 500MW Plant -Typical Plot Plan-



Item	Specification
Coal	Mae Moh Coal (expected)
Output Gross	550 MW
Net	500 MW
Gasifier Oxidizer	Air
Coal Feed	Dry
Acid Gas Clean-up	Wet MDEA
Gas Turbine	M701F × 1 (1 on 1)
Net Efficiency (LHV)	Approx. 48 % w/o CO <sub>2</sub> Capture

Note: Plant performance like output and efficiency depends on site conditions including coal properties.  
Emission performance like SO<sub>x</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub> and PM can be discussed, depending on the regional regulation.

# Study of The IGCC Project at Mae Moh

## Typical Major Specification of 500MW Plant -Utilities & Emissions-



Items	Utilities	Note
Coal consumption	285.4 metric-ton/hour	As received basis
Oxygen consumption	40.3 metric-ton/hour	O2 purity: 95vol%
Slag discharge	38.5 metric-ton/hour	Dry basis
Elemental Sulfur production	5.0 metric-ton/hour	Elemental "S"
Cooling Water consumption	11,800 m3/hour	
Demineralized water	34 metric-ton/hour 17 metric-ton/hour	(max.) (ave.)
Industrial water	1260 metric-ton/hour 1,250 metric-ton/hour	(max.) (ave.)

Items	Emissions	Note
Exhaust Gas Flow Rate	2,013,000 m3N/hour	dry basis
SOx	9.6 ppmV	@15%O2-dry = 23 ppmV @7%O2-dry
NOx	6.0 ppmV	@15%O2-dry = 14 ppmV @7%O2-dry
Dust	4.8 mg/m3N	@15%O2-dry

## Summary Part II

- We are very interested in IGCC technology. Executive Committee was appointed to feasibility study this technology.
- Although, in foreign countries such as USA, this technology has occurred for a long time. But that is a new technology for the electric power industry in Thailand. So it should be study the advantages - and disadvantages in more details.
- Present status of IGCC, demonstration project(Nakoso) only 250 MW.

**“ Therefore, The chief executive of EGAT remain under consideration to apply IGCC for Replacement Project (600 MW) at Mae Moh Power Plant. ”**

# Mae Moh Power Plant

“ Energy and Environmental awareness always ”



*Thank you for your kind attention!*